

# Residential Tenancy Agreement

This tenancy agreement has been approved for use by The Office of the Tenancy Tribunal.

This is a legally binding contract.

Visit www.tenancy.govt.nz or call us for free information on 0800 836 262.

www.tenancy.govt.nz 0800 TENANCY (836 262)





# Residential Tenancy Agreement

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# HOW TO USE THIS AGREEMENT

## 1. This is a legally binding contract.

- 2. All tenancy agreements must be in writing. A separate form of tenancy agreement for use for a Boarding House Tenancy is available on our website.
- The landlord must provide the tenant with a copy of this agreement prior to the commencement of the tenancy. If the property is a Unit Titles property, a copy of the most recent Body Corporate rules must be attached to this agreement.
- 4. This agreement must be completed in full and the tenant and landlord each keep a copy.
- The rights and obligations set out in the *Residential Tenancies Act 1986* are implied in every residential tenancy agreement (see pages 2 and 3 of this agreement for a brief outline of some of the key provisions of the *Residential Tenancies Act 1986*).
- 6. No terms or conditions added to this agreement are valid if they are contrary to the *Residential Tenancies Act* 1986.
- 7. Landlords are now required to sign a statement disclosing details of any insulation in the property.
- 8. All rental properties must meet the requirements in regulations regarding insulation and smoke alarms.

- 9. Before signing this agreement all parties should carefully read it and seek information from Tenancy Services if they are unclear about what they are agreeing to.
- 10. The parties must record their full names correctly.
- 11. If a bond is paid, a Bond Lodgement Form must also be completed.
- Bonds must be lodged with Tenancy Services within
  working days of being paid. This can be done online.
- 13. Parties to tenancy agreements are subject to the provisions of the *Privacy Act* 1993. Any information provided on this agreement shall not be used or disclosed, without consent, for any purpose other than the administration of the tenancy or to pursue legal action.
- 14. The tenant may be required to pay any letting fee or other charge for services provided by any solicitor or letting agent relating to the granting of the tenancy.
- 15. If there is a problem between the tenant and landlord, and they can't agree, Tenancy Services can help sort it out. Visit **www.tenancy.govt.nz** or call us for free information on **0800 836 262**.



# OUTLINE OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES ACT 1986 (RTA)

Please refer to the *Residential Tenancies Act 1986* and amendments for the complete provisions. **Tenants and landlords!** If you have problems, talk to each other. If you can't sort it out, talk to us. We can help you sort it out. **www.tenancy.govt.nz**, **0800 TENANCY (0800 836 262)** 

## 1. Agreement

- > Each party should keep a copy of this tenancy agreement.
- > Changes in the particulars of either party must be notified to the other party within 10 working days.
- The agreement must contain a statement, signed by the landlord, about the insulation in the property.
- This contract may not be enforceable against a tenant under the age of 18 (a minor). The *Minors Contracts Act* 1969 may apply.
- 2. Contact details
- > Each party must provide an email address and mobile phone number if they have them.
- Each party must supply a physical address for service in New Zealand where notices and other documents relating to the tenancy will be accepted by them, or on their behalf, even after the tenancy has ended. Tenants who supply the rental address as their address for service should update this at the end of the tenancy. Parties may also supply an additional address for service which can include a PO Box, email or facsimile.
- If the landlord is going to be out of New Zealand for more than 21 days and has to appoint an agent, the landlord must give the tenant the agent's name, contact address, mobile phone number (if any), email address (if any) and address for service.
- 3. Rent
- Landlords shall not require rent to be paid more than
  2 weeks in advance, nor until rent already paid has been used up.
- > 60 days' written notice must be given for rent increases.
- > Rent shall not be increased within 180 days of the start of the tenancy or the last rent increase.
- > Also for rent to be increased in a fixed-term tenancy, it must be stated in the tenancy agreement.
- > Receipts must be given immediately if rent is paid in cash.

## 4. Bond

- A bond is not compulsory, but a landlord may require a bond of up to 4 weeks' rent.
- Bonds must be lodged with the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment within 23 working days of being paid.
- > Receipts must be given for bond payments.
- > If the property is sold, the landlord's rights with regard to the bond pass to the purchaser of the property.
- The bond covers any damage or loss to the landlord if the tenant's obligations are not met, but does not cover fair wear and tear and may not cover careless damage covered by the landlord's insurance.

- 5. Landlord's responsibilities
- > Provide and maintain the premises in a reasonable condition.
- > Allow the tenant quiet enjoyment of the premises.
- Comply with all building, health and safety standards that apply to the premises.
- > Comply with all requirements in respect of smoke alarms imposed on the landlord by regulations.
- Landlords need to have working smoke alarms installed in all their residential rental homes. Any replacement alarms installed after 1 July 2016 (other than hard-wired systems) need to have long life batteries and a photoelectric sensor.
- Comply with all requirements in respect of insulation imposed on the landlord by regulations. All residential rental homes are required to have ceiling and underfloor insulation that meets minimum standards unless they meet one of the exceptions. This will apply from 1 July 2016 for landlords of income-related tenancies and 1 July 2019 for all other landlords.
- > Pay rates and any insurance taken out by the landlord.\*
- > Not seize the tenant's goods for any reason.
- > Inform the tenant if the property is on the market for sale.
- > Not interfere with the supply of any services to the premises.
- If the landlord is in breach of these responsibilities, the tenant(s) can apply to the Tenancy Tribunal.
- Appoint an agent and notify the tenant and Bond Centre of the agent's details whenever leaving New Zealand for more than 21 consecutive days.

\*Tenants may be immune from claims by landlords where they or their guests caused careless damage to the property but the landlord's insurance covers the damage.

- 6. Tenant's responsibilities
- > Pay the rent on time.
- Keep the premises reasonably clean and tidy, and notify the landlord as soon as any repairs are needed. You may not withhold rent if you cannot get repairs done.
- Seek information from the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (0800 83 62 62).
- > Use the premises principally for residential purposes.
- Pay all electricity, gas, telephone, and metered water charges.
- > Replace batteries in smoke alarms as required.
- Not damage or permit damage to the premises, and to inform the landlord of any damage.
- Not disturb the neighbours or the landlord's other tenants.

- > Not alter the premises without the landlord's written consent.
- > Not use the property for any unlawful purpose.
- > Leave the property clean and tidy, and clear of rubbish and possessions at the end of the tenancy.
- At the end of the tenancy, leave all keys and such things with the landlord. Leave all chattels supplied with the tenancy.
- > If a maximum number of occupants is stated in the tenancy agreement, not exceed that number.

## 7. Rights of entry

The landlord shall enter the premises only:

- > with the tenant's consent at the time of entry
- > in an emergency
- for necessary maintenance or repairs, compliance or preparation for compliance with any requirements regarding smoke alarms or insulation, from 8 am to 7 pm, after 24 hours' notice
- for an inspection of the property or work done by the tenant, from 8 am to 7 pm after 48 hours' notice
- with the tenant's prior consent, to show the premises to prospective tenants, purchasers, registered valuer or real estate agent doing an appraisal, or other expert engaged in appraising the premises.
- > Consent may not be unreasonably withheld but reasonable conditions may be imposed.
- 8. Subletting and assignment

If not expressly prohibited by the landlord, the tenant may sublet or assign with the landlord's prior written consent.

Consent may not be unreasonably withheld unless subletting or assignment is totally prohibited by this agreement.

#### 9. Locks

Locks can only be changed with the agreement of both the tenant and the landlord. They should be provided and maintained in a secure state by the landlord.

#### 10. Notice to terminate tenancy

(NB: This does not apply to fixed-term tenancies. Notice requirements for fixed-term tenancies are contained in the main body of this agreement.)

In all cases, the tenant must give the landlord 21 days' notice in writing.

The landlord may give 42 days' notice in writing – and must state the reason for termination if:

- the landlord has an unconditional agreement to sell the premises with vacant possession; or
- the premises are required as the principal place of residence for the owner or any member of that owner's family; or
- the premises are required for an employee of the landlord and this has been agreed at the start of the tenancy.

In other cases, the landlord must give 90 days' notice in writing.

11. Termination by Tribunal

The landlord may apply to the Tenancy Tribunal for a termination order where:

- > the rent is 21 days in arrears
- the tenant has caused or threatened to cause substantial damage to the premises
- the tenant has assaulted, or threatened to assault, the landlord, a member of the landlord's family, or a neighbour
- the tenant has failed to comply with a 14 days' notice to remedy a breach.

A tenant may apply to the Tenancy Tribunal for a work order, compensation or to terminate the tenancy, if the landlord has breached the tenancy agreement or the Residential Tenancies Act.

#### 12. Mitigation of loss

If one party to the tenancy agreement breaches it, the other party must take all reasonable steps to limit the damage or loss arising from the breach.

## 13. Unit Title Property

The landlord must promptly notify the tenant of any variations to Body Corporate rules affecting the premises.

MB13541 (T4) 10/16

www.tenancy.govt.nz > 0800 TENANCY (836 262)



New Zealand Government

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# LANDLORD DETAILS

## Name(s)

This section must be filled in. It is important to give good contact details.

Physical address for servic	e		
Email This email address may be used a	s an address for service (str	ike out if not agreed)	
Phone	(Mobile)	(Hm)	(Wk)
Other contact address(es)			
Additional address for se	rvice (This may be a PO Bo	x)	
If the landlord wishes to in on a separate sheet.	clude the details of ar	agent in the agreement, please	include the agent's contact details
TENANT DETAILS			
Name(s)			
Identification 🗌 [	Drivers licence	Passport 🗌 Other w	Vrite ID Number:
This section must be fille	ed in. It is important	to give good contact details.	
Physical address for servic	e		
<b>Email</b> This email address may be used a	s an address for service (str	ike out if not agreed)	
Phone	(Mobile)	(Hm)	(Wk)
Other contact address(es)			
Additional address for se	rvice (This may be a PO Bo	x)	
Is any tenant under the ag	e of 18? (Tick one)		
🗌 Yes 🗌 No			
TENANCY DETAILS			
Address of tenancy			
Body Corporate rules mus	t be attached if premis	ses are Unit Title premises (Strike d	out if not applicable)
Rent per week \$	To be paid	in advance Frequency (tick or	ne) 🗌 weekly 🗌 fortnightly
Bond amount \$			
Rent to be paid at			
Or into Bank Account No.			
Account name			
Bank	Branch		

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# nancu Comicoc

	enancy Services
Tŀ	ne landlord and tenant agree that:
۱.	The tenancy shall commence on the day of 20
2.	Strike out one option:
	This is a periodic tenancy and may be ended by either party giving notice as required under the <i>Residential Tenancies Act 1986</i>
	OR
	This tenancy is for a fixed term, ending on the day of 20
	NB: Fixed-term tenancies automatically become periodic upon expiry of the fixed-term unless either party gives the other written notice of their Intention not to continue with the tenancy. That notice must be given no more than 90 days, and no less than 21 days, before the end of the fixed-term. If the landlord grants the tenant a right to renew the fixed-term, they should state this below under Number 4. The tenant may exercise this right by informing

3. Strike out the bold section below if it is not applicable

the landlord in writing no less than 21 days before the end of the fixed-term.

The tenant shall not assign or sublet the tenancy without the landlord's written consent.

4. Insert other terms of this tenancy (eg. pets, number of tenants, reimbursement of recovery costs, right of renewal if tenancy is a fixed-term)

If necessary, please continue on a separate sheet and attach it to this agreement and ensure that all parties have signed and dated it.

# LANDLORD'S STATEMENT ABOUT INSULATION

The tenancy agreement must contain a signed statement from the landlord that details information about the location, type and condition of all insulation in the premises and other matters. For more information about insulation requirements in the Residential Tenancies (Smoke Alarms and Insulation) Regulations 2016, please see page 2 and www.tenancy.govt.nz.

- 1. Has any insulation been installed in the ceilings, floors or walls of the premises:
  - Yes (Please complete section 2)

No (Please fill in the below if you are the landlord of an income-related rent tenancy)

The landlord of an income related rent tenancy must explain in the space below how they intend to comply with insulation requirements by the 90th day after the commencement of the tenancy, or explain the circumstances giving rise to an exemption.

- 2. Please describe below the extent and location of insulation, product type and condition of the insulation. Please provide documentary evidence and attach to this agreement if necessary. It is recommended that the landlord also show the tenant the locations of insulation in addition to this written statement.

Location of insulation: 🗌 Floor 🗌 Ceilings 🔲 Walls<sup>\*</sup> (Please tick all that apply)

Your statement about insulation should include:

- > Where the insulation is, its type (and R rating if known) and condition.
- > If you have been unable to obtain information about insulation in a particular location, an outline of what you have not been able to obtain and why, and confirmation that you have made all reasonable efforts to obtain the information.
- > This includes if you have been unable to determine all of this information.
- Landlords of income-related rent tenancies that have existing insulation that does not meet requirements, must explain in the space below how they intend to comply with insulation requirements by the 90th day after the commencement of the tenancy, or explain the circumstances giving rise to an exemption.

\*Note that wall insulation is not a compulsory requirement and landlords can leave the box for wall insulation unticked if they are unsure whether or not the property contains wall insulation.

If necessary, please continue on a separate sheet and attach it to this agreement and ensure you have signed and dated it.

By signing below I confirm the above statement is true and correct. I understand that income-related rent tenancies (those provided by social housing and community housing providers) must meet insulation requirements from 1 July 2016 (unless exempt), but have 90 days after the start of the tenancy to comply. I understand that all other tenancies only have to comply with insulation requirements from 1 July 2019 (unless exempt).

Signed by

LANDLORD

## Signatures

Do not sign this agreement unless you understand and agree with everything in it

The landlord and tenant sign here to show that they agree to all the terms and conditions in the tenancy agreement and that each party has read the notes on pages 2 and 3 of this agreement. This is a legally binding contract.

Date signed

Signed by		Date signed
	LANDLORD	
Signed by		Date signed
	TENANT	
Signed by		Date signed
	TENANT	



# PROPERTY INSPECTION REPORT

This report is intended to help avoid disputes

This should be used to record the condition of the property at the start of the tenancy.

The landlord (L/L) and the tenant (T) should fill out this form together, and tick the appropriate box if the condition is acceptable, or record any damage or defects.

		CONDITION ACCEPTABLE?			
	ROOM AND ITEM	LANDLORD	TENANTS	DAMAGE/DEFECTS	
	Wall/Doors				
щ	Lights/Power points				
LOUNGE	Floors/Fl. Coverings				
ГŌ	Windows				
	Blinds/Curtains				
	Wall/Doors				
	Lights/Power points				
ÿ	Floors/Fl. Coverings				
Ī	Windows				
KITCHEN/DINING	Blinds/Curtains				
H	Cupboards				
Ê	Sinks/Benches				
_	Oven				
	Refrigerator				
	Wall/Doors				
	Lights/Power points				
	Floors/Fl. Coverings				
₅	Windows				
100	Blinds/Curtains				
BATHROOM	Mirror/Cabinet				
BA <sup>-</sup>	Bath				
	Shower				
	Wash basin				
	Toilet (WC)				
	Wall/Doors				
	Lights/Power points				
RY	Floors/Fl. Coverings				
LAUNDRY	Windows				
LAL	Blinds/Curtains				
	Washing machine				
	Wash tub				
	Wall/Doors				
Σ	Lights/Power points				
ß	Floors/Fl. Coverings				
BEDROO	Windows				
ш	Blinds/Curtains				
~	Wall/Doors				
ΜC	Lights/Power points				
BEDROOM 2	Floors/Fl. Coverings				
EDI	Windows				
ш	Blinds/Curtains				
~	Wall/Doors				
Ξ	Lights/Power points				
ROC	Floors/Fl. Coverings				
BEDROOM 3	Windows				
	Blinds/Curtains				



4	Wall/Doors		
	Lights/Power points		
BEDROOM	Floors/Fl. Coverings		
ED	Windows		
	Blinds/Curtains		
	Rubbish bins		
AL	Locks		
GENERAL	Garage/Car port		
GEI	Grounds		
	No. keys supplied		

## Smoke alarms

Landlords must have working smoke alarms installed in all rental premises. These must meet the requirements in the Residential Tenancies (Smoke Alarms and Insulation) Regulation 2016, set out below. A landlord who fails to comply is committing an unlawful act and may be liable for a penalty of up to \$4,000.

## Landlord - please confirm you have met at least these minimum legal requirements before you rent the premises :

There is at least one working smoke alarm in each bedroom <b>or</b> within three metres of each bedroom's door – this applied	es
to any room a person might reasonably sleep in.	

- If there is more than one storey or level, there is at least one working smoke alarm on each storey or level, even if no-one sleeps there.
- If there is a caravan, sleep-out or similar, there is at least one working smoke alarm in it.
- None of the smoke alarms has passed the manufacturer's expiry or recommended replacement date.
- All new or replacement smoke alarms, installed from 1 July 2016 onward, are long-life photoelectric smoke alarms with a battery life of at least eight years or a hard-wired smoke alarm system, and meet the product standards in the Residential Tenancies (Smoke Alarms and Insulation) Regulation 2016.
- All the smoke alarms are properly installed by the landlord or their agent in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- All the smoke alarms are working at the start of the tenancy, including having working batteries.

For important details go to www.tenancy.govt.nz/smoke-alarms

## List of furniture and chattels

## Provided by the landlord

# Signatures for Property Inspection Report

Do not sign unless you agree to all the details in the Property Inspection Report

Signed by		Date signed		
	LANDLORD			
Cianad by		Data signad		
Signed by		Date signed		
	TENANT			
Rent and Bond Receipt				
Initial rent payment	\$			
Bond	\$			
Total	\$			
To (name)				
Date paid				

## Water Meter Reading

For use if charging for water

At start of tenancy

#### Signed as received